$\qquad$
Please read all the questions VERY carefully before answering. If you do not understand any question, please ask. Use the reverse side of the question paper as scratch. Use the periodic table and constant chart in the last page. No outside paper is allowed. Total points $=48+(30 \times 3 \Rightarrow 90=138$

SHORT ANSWER. Please write the set-up equation and insert the raw data with units in the equation before doing your calculations. Write the word or phrase that best completes each statement or answers the question.

1) Calculate (with units) how many cubic inches (in ${ }^{3}$ ) are in 15615 cubic decimeter ( $\mathrm{dm}^{3}$ ) (given $1 \mathrm{dm}=0.1 \mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{~cm}=0.01 \mathrm{~m}$, and $2.54 \mathrm{~cm}=1 \mathrm{in}) ?(8 \mathrm{pts}$.)
2) An acid has $40 \% \mathrm{C}, 6.7 \% \mathrm{H}, 53.3 \% \mathrm{O}$ and its molar mass is $60.05 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol}$. Show your calculation to find the molecular formula of the acid? (10 pts.)
3) Calculate the mass (in grams) of $1.56 \times 10^{21}$ atoms of magnesium. ( 6 pts .)
4) $\qquad$
5) 
6) An inflated baloon has a volume of 6.0 L at 1.0 atm pressure and at $22^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Calculate its volume when it ascends to an altitude where the pressure is 0.45 atm and the temperature is $-21^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. ( 6 pts.)
7) If 12.5 mL of a 0.100 M sodium hydroxide solution is needed to completely neutralize a sample of acetic acid, then calculate the grams of the acetic acid $\left(\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{2}\right)$ in the sample (6 pts.)
8) 
9) $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\longrightarrow$ -
10) $\qquad$
11) Calculate the pH of a solution if 1.35 moles of a strong acid is in 530.00 mL of water. ( 4 pts .) 7)
[Hint: First calculate the concentration of the strong acid in molarity, which is the conc. of hydrogen ion]
12) (Extra point Question) An 8.0 g ice cube is placed into 230 g water. Calculate
13) the temperature change in the water upon complete melting of the ice. Given, the heat of fusion of ice is $6.02 \mathrm{~kJ} / \mathrm{mole}$ and specific heat of water $=4.18 \mathrm{~J} /\left(\mathrm{g} .{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ (Hint: Determine how much heat is absorbed by the melting ice and then use $\mathrm{q}=$ $\mathrm{mC} \Delta \mathrm{T}$ to calculate the temperature change of 230 g of water. Be sure to include proper sign for the temperature change: positive for increase and negative for decrease) (8 pts.).

MULTIPLE CHOICE. On scantron, fill up the circles of the same number as that of the question number. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question. (3 poins each)
9) Determine the answer to the following equation with correct number of significant figures:

$$
(4.123 \times 0.12)+24.2=
$$

$\qquad$
A) 24.70
B) 25
C) 24.7
D) 24.695
E) none of the above
10) How many calories are there in a 255 Calorie snack bar?
A) $2.55 \times 10^{5}$
B) $1 \times 10^{3}$
C) $1.07 \times 10^{3}$
D) 60.9
E) none of the above
11) An energy diagram that shows the reactants having greater energy than the products illustrates an
A) exothermic reaction.
B) impossible reaction.
C) endothermic reaction.
D) isothermic reaction.
E) none of the above
12) A 15.0 gram lead ball at $25.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ was heated with 40.5 joules of heat. Given the specific heat of lead is $0.128 \mathrm{~J} / \mathrm{g} \cdot{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, what is the final temperature of the lead?
A) $0.844^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
B) $21.1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
C) $46.1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
D) $77.8^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
E) none of the above
13) An atom containing 7 protons, 8 neutrons, and 7 electrons
A) is an oxygen atom.
B) is charge- neutral.
C) is an ion.
D) cannot exist.
E) none of the above
14) Identify the element that is a nonmetal, a gas, and has an elemental symbol that starts with the
9) $\qquad$
10) $\qquad$
11) $\qquad$
12) $\qquad$
13) $\qquad$
14) $\qquad$ letter "A."
A) Al
B) Ac
C) Ar
D) Au
E) none of the above
15) Ammonium fluoride is considered which of the following?
15)
A) ionic compound
B) molecular element
C) atomic element
D) molecular compound
E) none of the above
16) What is correct name of the compound whose formula is $\mathrm{N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{4}$ ?
16)
A) dinitrogen oxide
B) nitrogen tetroxide
C) nitrogen dioxide
D) dinitrogen tetroxide
E) none of the above
17) How many atoms are in 5.80 moles of He ?
17)
A) $1.03 \times 10^{23}$
B) $3.49 \times 10^{24}$
C) $6.02 \times 10^{23}$
D) 4.00
E) none of the above
18) What is the mass percent of chlorine in hydrochloric acid?
A) 70.1
B) 2.8
C) 35.5
D) 97.2
E) none of the above
19) What are the coefficients for the following reaction when it is properly balanced?
19)
18) $\qquad$
___nitrogen monoxide + __carbon monoxide $\rightarrow$ __nitrogen + __carbon dioxide
A) $1,1,2,2$
B) $2,2,1,2$
C) $2,2,2,1$
D) $2,1,1,2$
E) none of the above
20) Identify the double displacement reactions among the following:
20)

1. $\mathrm{KCl}(\mathrm{aq})+\mathrm{AgNO}_{3}(\mathrm{aq}) \rightarrow \mathrm{AgCl}(\mathrm{s})+\mathrm{KNO}_{3}(\mathrm{aq})$
2. $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}(\mathrm{aq})+\mathrm{BaCl}_{2}(\mathrm{aq}) \rightarrow \mathrm{BaSO}_{4}(\mathrm{~s})+2 \mathrm{NaCl}(\mathrm{aq})$
3. $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}(\mathrm{aq})+2 \mathrm{NaOH}(\mathrm{aq}) \rightarrow \mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}(\mathrm{aq})+2 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(\mathrm{l})$
A) 1 and 3 only
B) 1 and 2 only
C) 2 and 3 only
D) All of 1, 2, and 3
E) None of 1, 2, and 3
21) Determine the theoretical yield of $C$ when 3 units of $A$ and 10 units of $B$ are reacted in the following
22) generic chemical equation: $2 \mathrm{~A}+5 \mathrm{~B} \rightarrow 4 \mathrm{C}$.
A) 4
B) 3
C) 6
D) 8
E) none of the above
23) Which is the limiting reactant in the following reaction given that you start with 15.5 g of $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{~S}$ and $12.1 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{CuSO}_{4}$ ?
Reaction: $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{~S}+\mathrm{CuSO}_{4} \rightarrow \mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}+\mathrm{CuS}$
A) CuS
B) $\mathrm{CuSO}_{4}$
C) $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{~S}$
D) $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$
E) not enough information
24) A gas sample occupies 3.50 liters of volume at $20 .{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. What volume will this gas occupy at $100 .{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (reported to three significant figures)?
A) 0.224 L
B) 4.46 L
C) 2.75 L
D) 17.5 L
E) none of the above
25) The vapor pressure of water at $20.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ is 17.5 mm Hg . If the pressure of a gas collected over water was measured to be 453.0 mm Hg . What is the pressure of the pure gas?
A) 0.0230 atm
B) 0.596 atm
C) 0.619 atm
D) 0.573 atm
E) none of the above
26) When you make ice cubes:
A) the heat of vaporization must be removed.
B) the process is referred to scientifically as sublimation.
C) it is an endothermic process.
D) it is an exothermic process.
E) none of the above
27) How many kilojoules of heat are needed to completely vaporize 42.8 grams of $\mathrm{C}_{4} \mathrm{H}_{10} \mathrm{O}$ at its
28) 

) $\qquad$ boiling point?
Given $\Delta \mathrm{H}_{\text {vap }}=26.5 \mathrm{~kJ} / \mathrm{mol}$
A) 74.12
B) 15.3
C) 16.3
D) 9.49
E) none of the above
24)
23) $\qquad$
 $\qquad$
22) $\qquad$
都
27) After you have completed the task of diluting a solution, which statement below must be TRUE?
A) The new solution has more volume but has a lower concentration than before.
B) The new solution has more volume but has a higher concentration than before.
C) The new solution has less volume but has a higher concentration than before.
D) The new solution has less volume but has a lower concentration than before.
E) none of the above
28) Which of the following is NOT an acid- base conjugate pair?
28)
A) $\mathrm{NH}_{4}+$ and $\mathrm{NH}_{3}$
B) $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ and $\mathrm{OH}^{-}$
C) $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ and $\mathrm{HCO}_{3}^{-}$
D) $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{~S}$ and $\mathrm{OH}^{-}$
E) none of the above
29) Which of the following is a weak base?
29)
A) ammonia
B) calcium hydroxide
C) sodium fluoride
D) potassium hydroxide
E) none of the above

TRUE/FALSE. On scantron, choose " A " for a true answer and " B " for wrong answer. (3 points each)
30) Zeros located between two numbers are not significant.
31) Solids have indefinite shape and volume.
32) The charges on electrons and neutrons cancel each other to give neutral atoms.
33) The formula of a compound comprised of two nitrogen atoms and one oxygen atom should be written properly as $\mathrm{ON}_{2}$.
34) One mole of chlorine gas has a mass of 35.45 grams.
35) When compounds containing polyatomic ions dissolve, the polyatomic ions usually dissolve as intact units.
36) The limiting reactant is the product that is completely consumed in a chemical reaction.
37) $\mathrm{H}^{+}$is called the hydronium ion.
30)
31)
32)
33) $\qquad$
34) $\qquad$
35) $\qquad$
36)
37)
38) $\qquad$

