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Please read all the questions VERY carefully before answering. Ask your instructor if you don not understand. No outside paper is allowed. The last page is a periodeic table with constants. Total points $=70+(28 * 3=84=154$

SHORT ANSWER. Please write the set-up equation first, then put the raw data with units before calculating. Write the word or phrase that best completes each statement or answers the question.

1) Calculate the amount (in grams) of sodium bicarbonate $\left(\mathrm{NaHCO}_{3}\right)$ needed to react
2) with enough acetic acid $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CO}_{2} \mathrm{H}\right)$ to produce 500.0 mL of carbon dioxide $\left(\mathrm{CO}_{2}\right)$ gas at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 760 mmHg pressure. (MW of $\mathrm{NaHCO}_{3}=84 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol}$ ). The balanced chemical equation is:
$\mathrm{NaHCO}_{3}(\mathrm{~s})+\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CO}_{2} \mathrm{H}(\mathrm{aq})---->\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CO}_{2} \mathrm{Na}(\mathrm{aq})+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(\mathrm{l})+\mathrm{CO}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})(8 \mathrm{pts}$.
3) A ball has a volume of $120.3 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ and it contains 0.25 g of $\mathrm{N}_{2}$ gas. Calculate the
4) pressure inside the ball at $31^{\circ} \mathrm{C}(6 \mathrm{pts}$.
5) To determine the empirical formula of a compound made of Fe and Cl , a student added 2.15 g Zinc to a solution containing 1.750 g of $\mathrm{Fe}_{\mathrm{x}} \mathrm{Cl}_{\mathrm{y}}$. After the reaction was over, the student isolated 0.771 g of Fe . Use these data to answer the following questions (16 pts total):
(a) Calculate the mass of Cl in the $\mathrm{Fe}_{\mathrm{x}} \mathrm{Cl}_{\mathrm{y}}$ solution (2 pt.):
(b) Calculate the number of moles of Fe present in the $\mathrm{Fe}_{\mathrm{x}} \mathrm{Cl}_{\mathrm{y}}$ solution (4 pt.):
(c) Calculate the number of moles of Cl present in the $\mathrm{Fe}_{\mathrm{x}} \mathrm{Cl}_{\mathrm{y}}$ solution (4 pt.):
(d) Determine the molar ratio of Fe to Cl in the compound (4pts.).
(e) Use the above ratio to write the empirical formula of the compound containing Fe and Cl (2 pt.)
6) Calculate the volume of $\mathrm{NH}_{3}(\mathrm{~g})$ in liters at $729^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 4.5 atm pressure that is
7) required to react with 2.52 moles of $\mathrm{O}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})$ according to reaction, $4 \mathrm{NH} 3(\mathrm{~g})+5 \mathrm{O}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})$ $---->4 \mathrm{NO}(\mathrm{g})+6 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(\mathrm{g})(8 \mathrm{pts}$.
8) Magnesium reacts with oxygen: $\mathrm{Mg}+\mathrm{O}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})-->\mathrm{MgO}(\mathrm{s})$. How many grams of

Magneium would react with all the oxygen in a 87.4 L container at $27^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and $3.5 \times 10^{-7}$ torr pressure? (8 pts.)
6) Oxygen gas is produced by decomposing $\mathrm{KClO}_{3}$ as follows: $2 \mathrm{KClO}_{3}-->2 \mathrm{KCl}(\mathrm{s})+2 \quad 6$ $\mathrm{O}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})$. If 0.25 L of oxygen was collected over water at $26^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and 765 torr pressure, calculate the weight (in grams) of $\mathrm{KClO}_{3}$ decomposed. Vapor pressure of water at $26^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ is 25 torr. (10 pts.)
7) One kilogram of water is cooled from $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to ice at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Calculate the amount of heat $\mathrm{kJ} . \mathrm{mol}^{-1}$. (8 pts.)
8) Calculate the density (in $\mathrm{g} / \mathrm{L}$ ) of carbon tetrachloride at 714 torr and $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. ( 6 pts .)
8)

MULTIPLE CHOICE. On the scantron, fill up the circle with the same number as the question number. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question ( 3 pts each).
9) What type of a reaction occurs when a potassium nitrate solution is mixed with a barium acetate solution?
A) oxidation- reduction
B) gas evolution
C) precipitation
D) acid-base neutralization
E) no reaction
10) What would be the formula of the precipitate that forms when $\mathrm{Pb}\left(\mathrm{NO}_{3}\right)_{2}$ (aq) and $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ (aq) are mixed?
A) $\mathrm{K}\left(\mathrm{NO}_{3}\right)_{2}$
B) $\mathrm{PbK}_{2}$
C) $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
D) $\mathrm{PbSO}_{4}$
E) none of the above
11) How many eggs are needed to make 1 dozen waffles, assuming you have enough of all other ingredients?
Given: 2 cups flour +3 eggs +1 tbs oil $\rightarrow 4$ waffles
A) 48
B) 12
C) 9
D) 16
E) not enough information
12) What is the theoretical yield of a reaction if 25.0 grams of product were actually produced
$\qquad$ from a reaction that has a $88 \%$ yield?
A) 28.4
B) 352
C) 22.0
D) 3.52
E) none of the above
13) What is the limiting reactant for the following reaction given we have 2.6 moles of HCl and
13) 1.4 moles of $\mathrm{Ca}(\mathrm{OH})_{2}$ ?

Reaction: $2 \mathrm{HCl}+\mathrm{Ca}(\mathrm{OH})_{2} \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}+\mathrm{CaCl}_{2}$
A) $\mathrm{CaCl}_{2}$
B) $\mathrm{Ca}(\mathrm{OH})_{2}$
C) HCl
D) $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
E) not enough information
14) Which of the following types of compounds will NOT undergo a gas evolution reaction when acid is added?
A) carbonates
B) bisulfites
C) sulfides
D) hydroxides
E) none of the above
15) How many moles of $\mathrm{H}_{2}$ can be made from complete reaction of 3.0 moles of Al ?

Given: $2 \mathrm{Al}+6 \mathrm{HCl} \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{AlCl}_{3}+3 \mathrm{H}_{2}$
A) 9.0 moles
B) 3.0 moles
C) 3 moles
D) 4.5 moles
E) none of the above
16) What is the equivalent pressure of 968 mm Hg in units of atm?
A) 1.30 atm
B) 968 atm
C) 1.27 atm
D) 0.785 atm
E) none of the above
17) A 325 mL sample of gas is initially at a pressure of 721 torr and a temperature of $32^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. If this gas is compressed to a volume of 286 mL and the pressure increases to 901 torr, what will be the new temperature of the gas (reported to three significant figures in ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )?
A) $62.4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
B) $35.2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
C) $335^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
D) $215^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
E) none of the above
18) A 3.76 g sample of a noble gas is stored in a 2.00 L vessel at 874 torr and $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. What is the noble gas?
( $\mathrm{R}=0.0821 \mathrm{~L} \mathrm{~atm} / \mathrm{mol} \mathrm{K}$ )
A) He
B) Ne
C) Ar
D) Kr
E) not enough information
19) The vapor pressure of water at $20.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ is 17.5 mm Hg . If the pressure of a gas collected over
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A) liquids
B) solids
C) gases
D) both solids and liquids
E) none of the above
21) The tendency of a liquid to minimize its surface area is called:
A) surface tension.
B) viscosity.
C) capillary action.
D) vaporization.
E) none of the above
22) Increasing the intermolecular forces of a liquid will do which of the following?
22)
A) decrease the vapor pressure
B) decrease the evaporation rate
C) increase the surface tension
D) increase the viscosity
E) all of the above
23) The opposite process of freezing is:
23)
A) sublimation.
B) condensation.
C) evaporation.
D) boiling.
E) none of the above
24) The amount of heat required to melt one mole of a solid is called the:
A) cooling curve.
B) heat of vaporization.
C) heat of fusion.
D) heating curve.
E) none of the above
25) When you make ice cubes:
A) the process is referred to scientifically as sublimation.
B) the heat of vaporization must be removed.
C) it is an exothermic process.
D) it is an endothermic process.
E) none of the above
26) How many kilojoules of heat are needed to completely vaporize 42.8 grams of $\mathrm{C}_{4} \mathrm{H}_{10} \mathrm{O}$ at its26)
boiling point?
Given $\Delta \mathrm{H}_{\text {vap }}=26.5 \mathrm{~kJ} / \mathrm{mol}$
A) 15.3
B) 9.49
C) 16.3
D) 74.12
E) none of the above
27) When sufficient quantity of heat has been added to reach the boiling point of a solution, what happens to any additional heat added?
A) Additional heat raises the temperature of the liquid which in turn increases the rate at which boiling occurs.
B) Additional heat is used to evaporate the liquid as the process is endothermic and requires continued input of energy.
C) Additional heat lowers the intermolecular forces of the liquid which in turn increases the volatility of the liquid.
D) Additional heat alters the viscosity and the surface tension of the liquid which raises the vapor pressure and increases the boiling point which is why you must continually heat the solution.
E) None of the above are correct statements.
TRUE/FALSE. On the scantron, fill up circle " $A$ " for a true answer and " $B$ " for wrong answer (3 pts each).
28) The reaction of baking soda and vinegar to produce carbon dioxide gas is an example of a

28) 

precipitation reaction.
29) The formation of a gas is evidence of a chemical reaction while the emission of light is not.
29)
30) Mixing two aqueous solutions will always result in formation of a precipitate.
30)
31) Gas particles act independently of each other.
31)
32) Gases and liquids are compressible, but solids are not.
32)
33) Pressure depends on how many gas particles are in a container.
33)
34) The volume of a gas is independent of the temperature.
34)
35) Intermolecular forces determine if a substance is a solid, liquid or gas at room temperature.
35)
36) Evaporation is decreased by increasing the intermolecular forces.
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