$\qquad$
Please read all the questions VERY carefully before answering. If you do not understand any question, please ask. Use the reverse side of the question paper as scratch. Use the periodic table and constant chart in the last page. No outside paper is allowed. Total points $=50+(30 \times 3 \Rightarrow 90=140$

SHORT ANSWER. Please write the set-up equation and insert the raw data with units in the equation before doing your calculations. Write the word or phrase that best completes each statement or answers the question.

1) A room has dimensions of $10.0 \mathrm{ft} \times 20.0 \mathrm{ft} \times 8.00 \mathrm{ft}$. Given that there are three feet in a
2) yard, calculate the volume of the room in yd 3 ? ( 8 pts .)
3) An acid has $40 \% \mathrm{C}, 6.7 \% \mathrm{H}, 53.3 \% \mathrm{O}$ and its molar mass is $60.05 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mol}$. Show your
4) calculation to find the molecular formula of the acid? (10 pts.)
5) Calculate the amount (in grams) of potassium in a 42.7 gram sample of potassium
6) If 12.5 mL of a 0.100 M sodium hydroxide solution is needed to completely neutralize a sample of acetic acid, then calculate the grams of the acetic acid $\left(\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{2}\right)$ in the sample (6 pts.)
7) Calculate the pH of a solution if 1.35 moles of a strong acid is in 530.00 mL of water. (4
8) pts.) [Hint: First calculate the concentration of the strong acid in molarity, which is the conc. of hydrogen ion]

MULTIPLE CHOICE. On scantron, fill up the circles of the same number as that of the question number. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question. (3 poins each)
8) Determine the answer to the following equation with correct number of significant figures: 13.96-4.9102+71.5 = $\qquad$
A) 81
B) 80.5498
C) 80.55
D) 80.5
E) none of the above
9) How many calories are there in a 255 Calorie snack bar?
8) $\qquad$ _

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A) $2.55 \times 10^{5}$
B) $1 \times 10^{3}$
C) $1.07 \times 10^{3}$
D) 60.9
E) none of the above
10) An energy diagram that shows the reactants having greater energy than the products illustrates an
A) exothermic reaction.
B) impossible reaction.
C) endothermic reaction.
D) isothermic reaction.
E) none of the above
11) A 15.0 gram lead ball at $25.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ was heated with 40.5 joules of heat. Given the specific heat of $\qquad$ lead is $0.128 \mathrm{~J} / \mathrm{g} \cdot{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, what is the final temperature of the lead?
A) $0.844^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
B) $21.1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
C) $46.1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
D) $77.8^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
E) none of the above
12) An atom containing 7 protons, 8 neutrons, and 7 electrons
A) is an oxygen atom.
B) is charge- neutral.
C) is an ion.
D) cannot exist.
E) none of the above
13) Identify the element that is a nonmetal, a gas, and has an elemental symbol that starts with the letter "A."
A) Al
B) Ac
C) Ar
D) Au
E) none of the above
14) Ammonium fluoride is considered which of the following?
A) ionic compound
B) molecular element
C) atomic element
D) molecular compound
E) none of the above
15) What is correct name of the compound whose formula is $\mathrm{N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{4}$ ?
A) dinitrogen oxide
B) nitrogen tetroxide
C) nitrogen dioxide
D) dinitrogen tetroxide
E) none of the above
16) How many atoms are in 5.80 moles of He ?
16)
A) $1.03 \times 1023$
B) $3.49 \times 1024$
C) $6.02 \times 1023$
D) 4.00
E) none of the above
17) What is the mass percent of carbon in oxalic acid, $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{4}$ ?
A) 2.24
B) 13.3
C) 34.5
D) 26.7
E) none of the above
18) What are the coefficients for the following reaction when it is properly balanced?
18) $\qquad$
$\__{-} \mathrm{O}_{2}+\ldots \mathrm{CH}_{4} \rightarrow \ldots \mathrm{CO}_{2}+\ldots \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
A) $1,3,2,1$
B) $2,3,2,2$
C) $2,1,1,2$
D) $2,1,3,1$
E) none of the above
19) Identify the double displacement reactions among the following:

1. $\mathrm{KCl}(\mathrm{aq})+\mathrm{AgNO}_{3}(\mathrm{aq}) \rightarrow \mathrm{AgCl}(\mathrm{s})+\mathrm{KNO}_{3}(\mathrm{aq})$
2. $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}(\mathrm{aq})+\mathrm{BaCl}_{2}(\mathrm{aq}) \rightarrow \mathrm{BaSO}_{4}(\mathrm{~s})+2 \mathrm{NaCl}(\mathrm{aq})$
3. $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}(\mathrm{aq})+2 \mathrm{NaOH}(\mathrm{aq}) \rightarrow \mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}(\mathrm{aq})+2 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(\mathrm{l})$
A) 1 and 3 only
B) 1 and 2 only
C) 2 and 3 only
D) All of 1, 2, and 3
E) None of 1, 2, and 3
20) Determine the theoretical yield of $C$ when 3 units of $A$ and 10 units of $B$ are reacted in the following generic chemical equation: $2 \mathrm{~A}+5 \mathrm{~B} \rightarrow 4 \mathrm{C}$.
A) 4
B) 3
C) 6
D) 8
E) none of the above
21) Which is the limiting reactant in the following reaction given that you start with 15.5 g of $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{~S}$
22) and $12.1 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{CuSO}_{4}$ ?
Reaction: $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{~S}+\mathrm{CuSO}_{4} \rightarrow \mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}+\mathrm{CuS}$
A) CuS
B) $\mathrm{CuSO}_{4}$
C) $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{~S}$
D) $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$
E) not enough information
23) A gas sample occupies 3.50 liters of volume at $20 .{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. What volume will this gas occupy at
24) $100 .{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (reported to three significant figures)?
A) 0.224 L
B) 4.46 L
C) 2.75 L
D) 17.5 L
E) none of the above
25) The vapor pressure of water at $20.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ is 17.5 mm Hg . If the pressure of a gas collected over water was measured to be 453.0 mm Hg . What is the pressure of the pure gas?
A) 0.0230 atm
B) 0.596 atm
C) 0.619 atm
D) 0.573 atm
E) none of the above
26) When you make ice cubes:
27) 

A) the heat of vaporization must be removed.
B) the process is referred to scientifically as sublimation.
C) it is an endothermic process.
D) it is an exothermic process.
E) none of the above
25) How many kilojoules of heat are needed to completely vaporize 42.8 grams of $\mathrm{C}_{4} \mathrm{H}_{10} \mathrm{O}$ at its
$\qquad$
26) After you have completed the task of diluting a solution, which statement below must be TRUE?
A) The new solution has more volume but has a lower concentration than before.
B) The new solution has more volume but has a higher concentration than before.
C) The new solution has less volume but has a higher concentration than before.
D) The new solution has less volume but has a lower concentration than before.
E) none of the above
27) Which of the following is NOT an acid-base conjugate pair?
27)
A) $\mathrm{NH}_{4}+$ and $\mathrm{NH}_{3}$
B) $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ and $\mathrm{OH}^{-}$
C) $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ and $\mathrm{HCO}_{3}{ }^{-}$
D) $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{~S}$ and $\mathrm{OH}^{-}$
E) none of the above
28) Which of the following is a weak base?
A) ammonia
B) calcium hydroxide
C) sodium fluoride
D) potassium hydroxide
E) none of the above

TRUE/FALSE. On scantron, choose " $A$ " for a true answer and " $B$ " for wrong answer. (3 points each)
29) The mass of an object, $4.55 \times 10^{-3} \mathrm{~g}$, expressed in decimal notation is 0.000455 g . ..... 29)
30) Protons and electrons each have a mass of 1 amu . ..... 30)
31) $\mathrm{SO}_{2}$ is an ionic compound. ..... 31)
32) One mole of $I_{2}$ has more atoms in it than one mole of Na . ..... 32)
33) The percent yield is calculated by dividing the actual yield by the theoretical yield times 100 . ..... 33)
34) The conversion factor for pressure is $1 \mathrm{~mm} \mathrm{Hg}=1 \mathrm{~atm}$. ..... 34)
35) Evaporation is an endothermic process. ..... 35)
36) A saturated solution holds the maximum amount of solute under the solution conditions. ..... 36)
37) $\mathrm{H}^{+}$is called the hydronium ion. ..... 37)

